

ILCA[®]: In-line Coagulation and Adsorption for Pre-treatment to Ceramic Microfiltration

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Acknowledgements

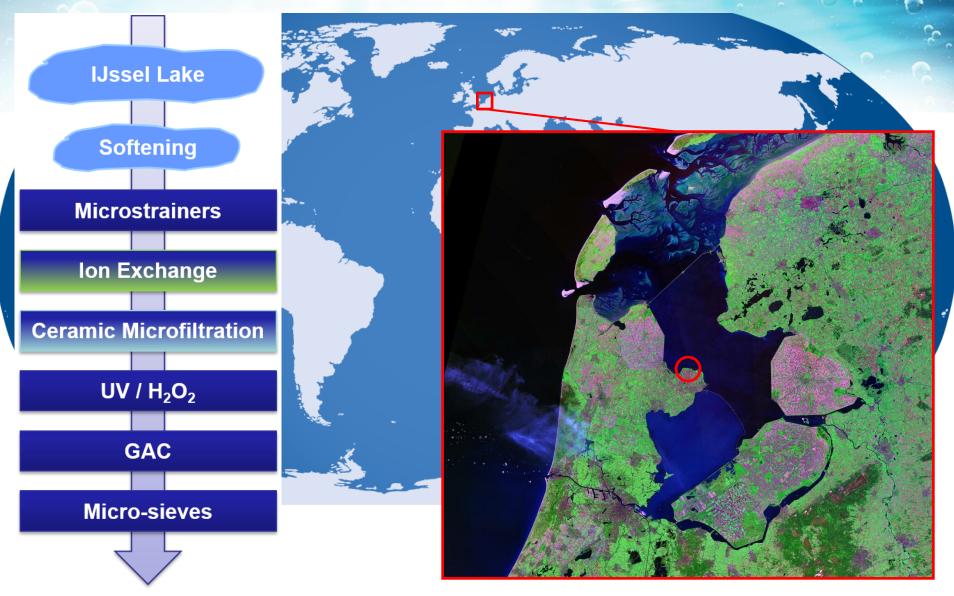
- PWN Water Supply Company North-Holland, Netherlands
- Metawater, Japan
- RWB, Netherlands
- Het Waterlaboratorium, Netherlands
- Rob Kooijman PWNT, Netherlands





EUROPEAN UNION

Background

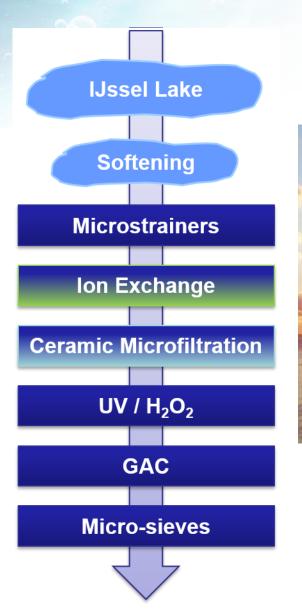


Water source challenge

- most Provence below sea level
- Salty groundwater
- IJssel Lake only available source
- dominantly fed by the river Rhine
- under the influence of industry, recreation, population
- high contamination level (delta of Europe)

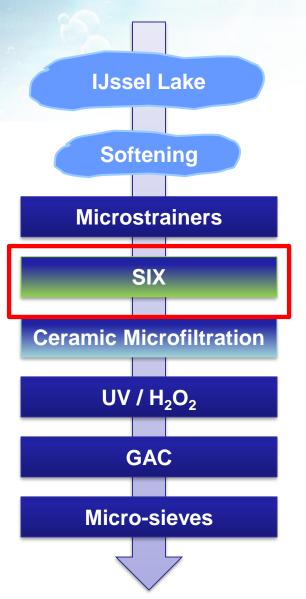


Water treatment line





SIX[®] Suspended Ion Exchange

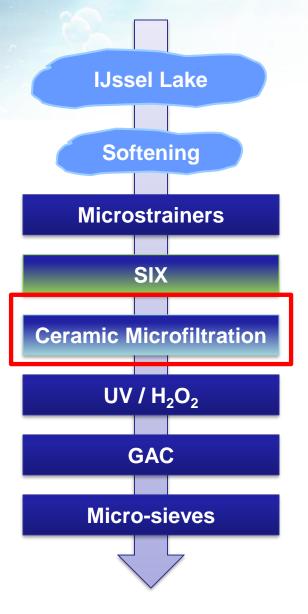


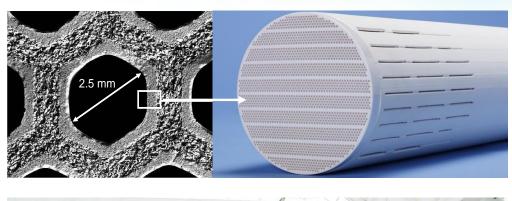
- anion exchange resin (Lewatit S5218)
- concentration 18 ml/l
- contact time 30 minutes
- 30 g/l NaCl for regeneration



Performance evaluation SIX®-CeraMac® in comparison with conventional pre-treatment techniques for surface water treatment Galjaard, G., Martijn, B., Koreman, E., Bogosh, M., Malley, J. DOI: 10.2166/wpt.2011.066

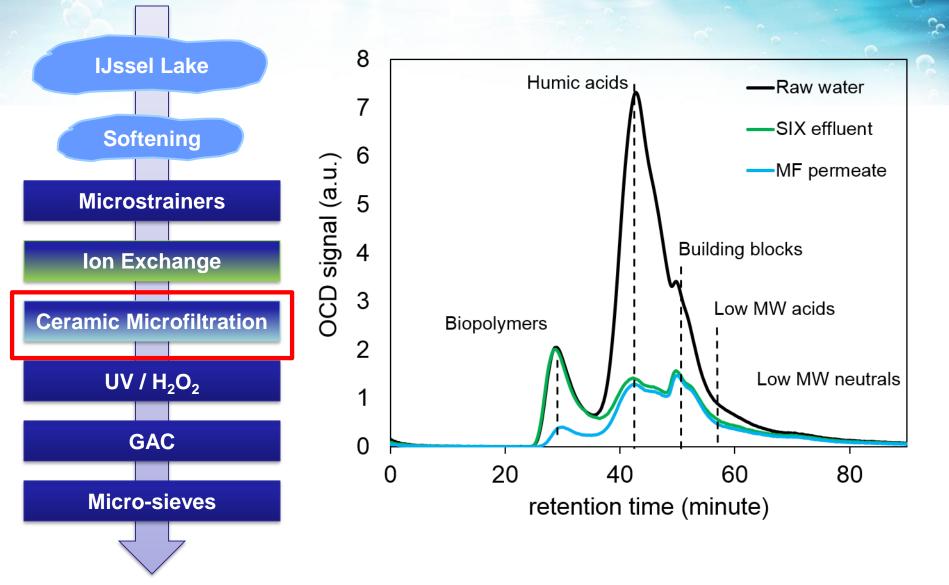
CeraMac[®] Ceramic Microfiltration



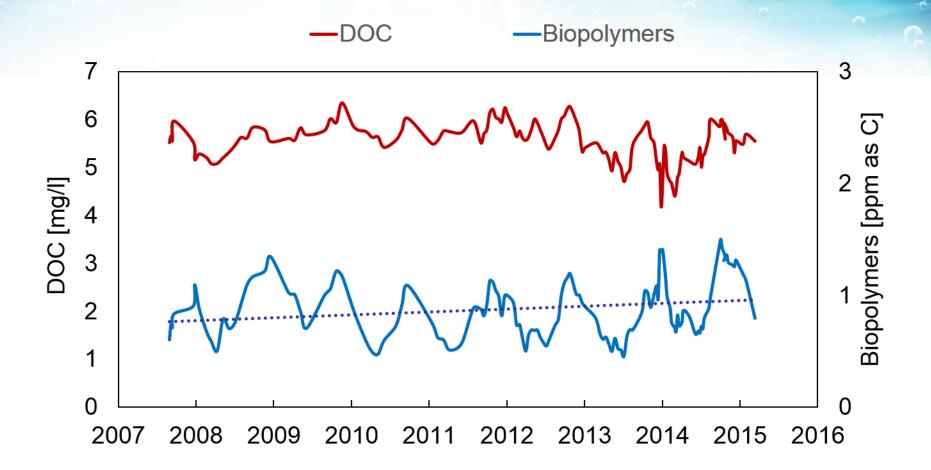




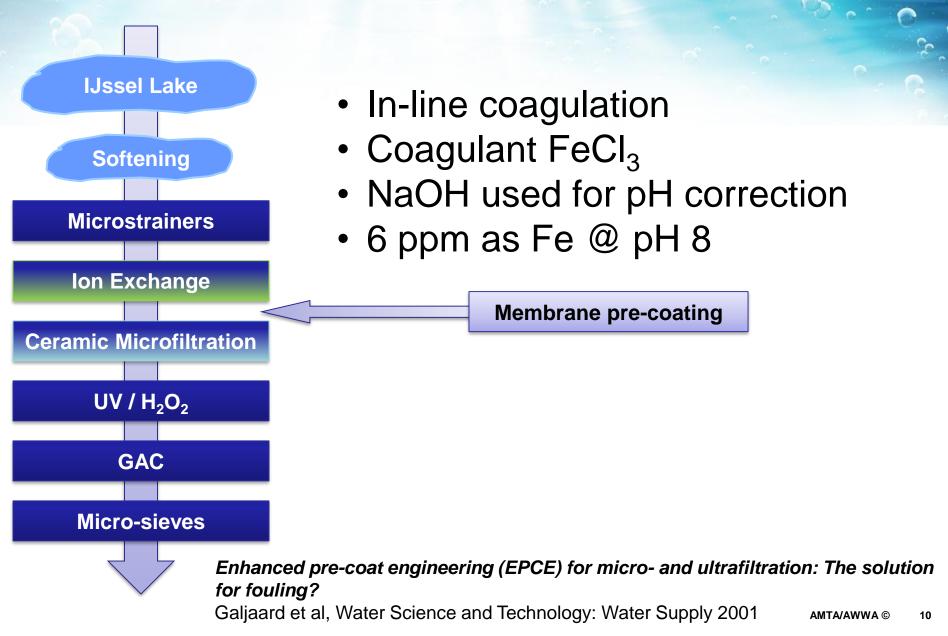
DOC removal



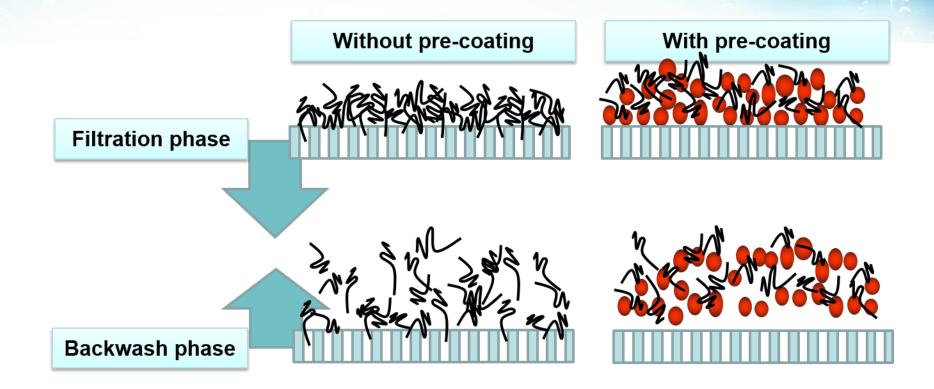
Water quality changes



Additional step for fouling control



Pre-coating mechanism model



> Biopolymers

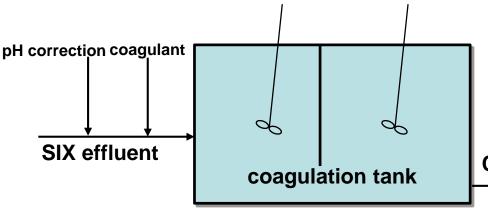
Iron hydroxide particles

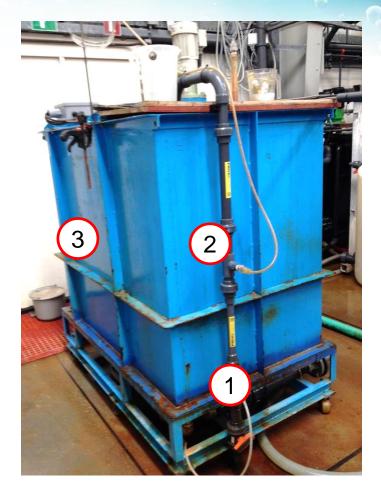
Objectives

- Feasibility of pre-coating for additional fouling control for ceramic microfiltration of surface water
- Comparison of conventional in-line coagulation system with the ILCA[®]

In-line tank coagulation/flocculation (TC)

- Volume ~0.9 m³ (243 gal)
- Contact time 18 minutes
- 1. pH correction
- 2. coagulant dosing
- 3. flocculation(115 and 70 rpm)





Ceramic Microfiltration feed

In-Line Coagulation Adsorber (ILCA®)

- Volume ~0.18 m³ (48 gal)
- Contact time 3.6 minutes
- Plug-flow conditions
- Specifically designed mixing inserts

Flow [m³/h]	G-value [s ⁻¹]	Contact time [s]	G _τ value [-]
3	65	223	14521
4	97	165	16005
5	135	132	17820
6	178	110	19580
6.5	200	102	20400
7	224	95	21280



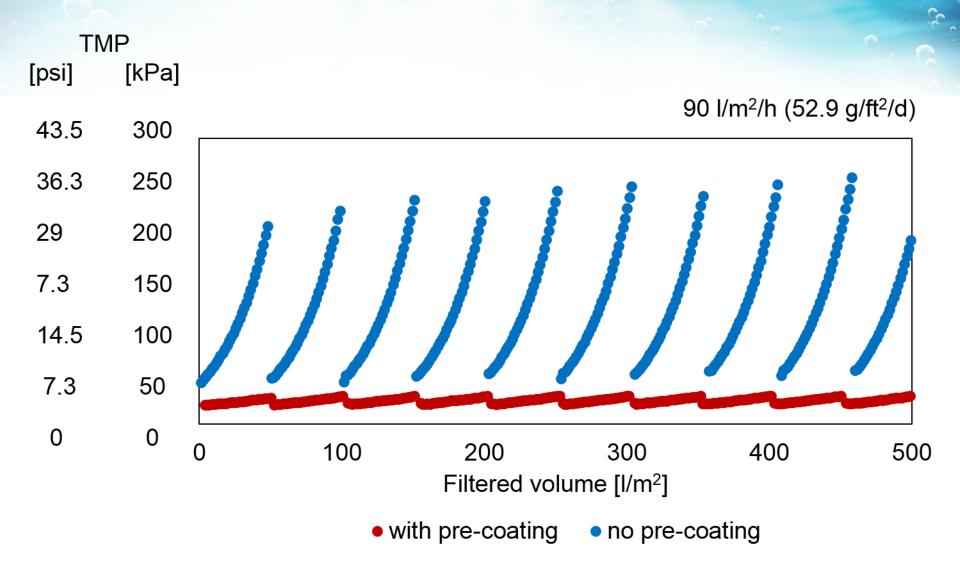
Filtration conditions

- 1st phase: influence of filtration flux on membrane operation at 90,150 and 200 l/m²/h (52.9, 88.2 and 118 g/ft²/d) [TC]
- 2nd phase: influence of filtration time @ 120 l/m²/h (70.6 g/ft²/d) [TC]
- 3rd phase: comparison of TC and ILCA systems @ 120 I/m²/h (70.6 g/ft²/d) and 60 minutes BW interval

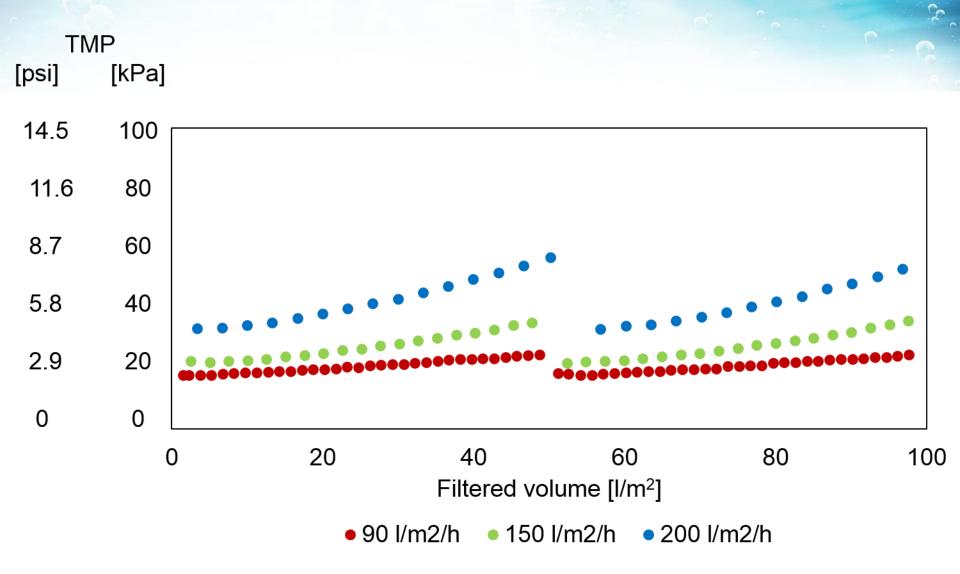
Cleaning regime

- filtration load until backwash (BW)
 - 50 l/m² (1.23 g/ft²) 1st 2nd phase
 - 120 l/m² (2.95 g/ft²) 3rd phase
- chemically enhanced backwash (CEBW) after 19 BWs
 - acidic CEBW with oxidant (pH 2.5, 100 mg/l H_2O_2)
 - alkali CEBW (100 mg/l NaOCI)

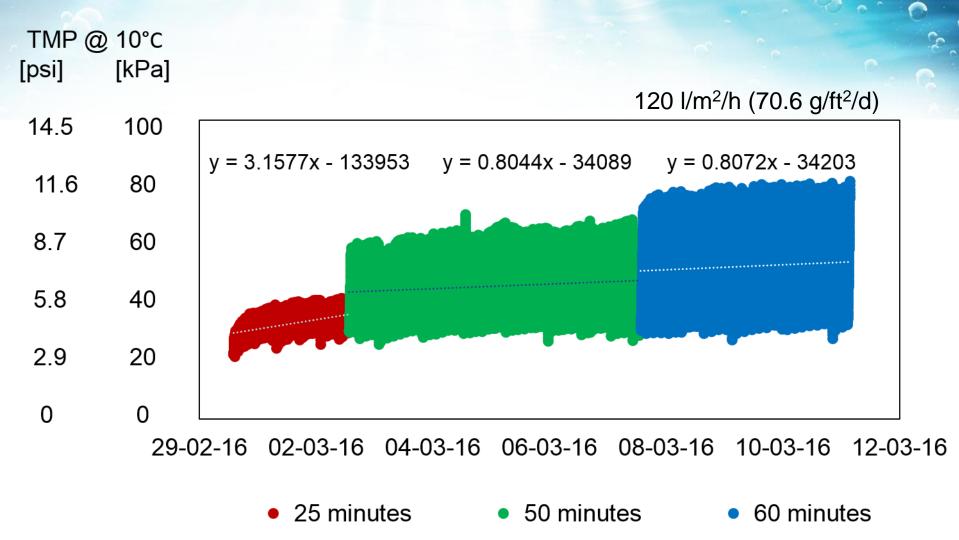
Pre-coating influence on TMP



Filtration flux influence on TMP



Filtration time influence on TMP



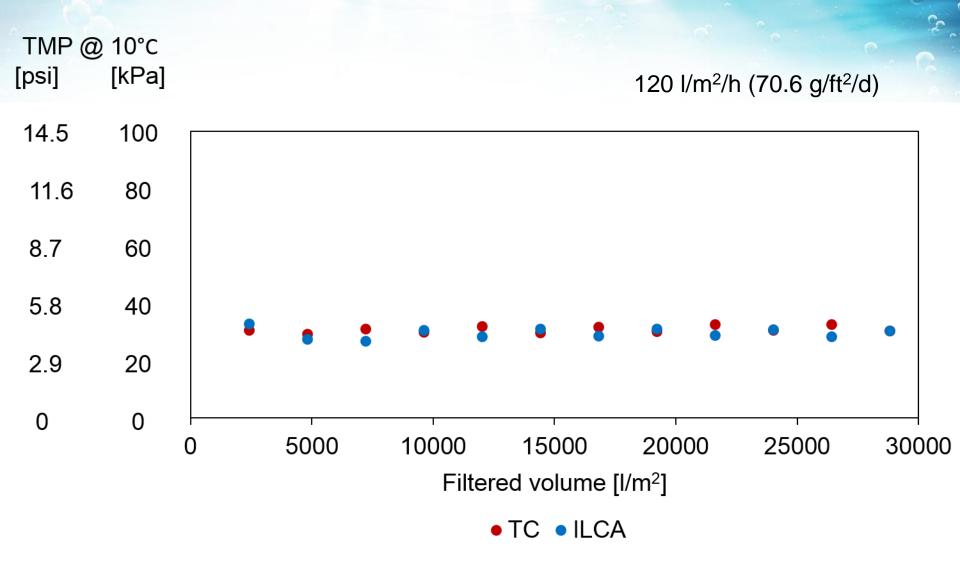
TMP comparison TMP @ 10°C 120 l/m²/h (70.6 g/ft²/d) [kPa] [psi] 14.5 100 11.6 80 8.7 60 40 5.8 20 2.9 0 0 5000 10000 15000 25000 20000 30000 0 Filtered volume [l/m²]

• TC • ILCA

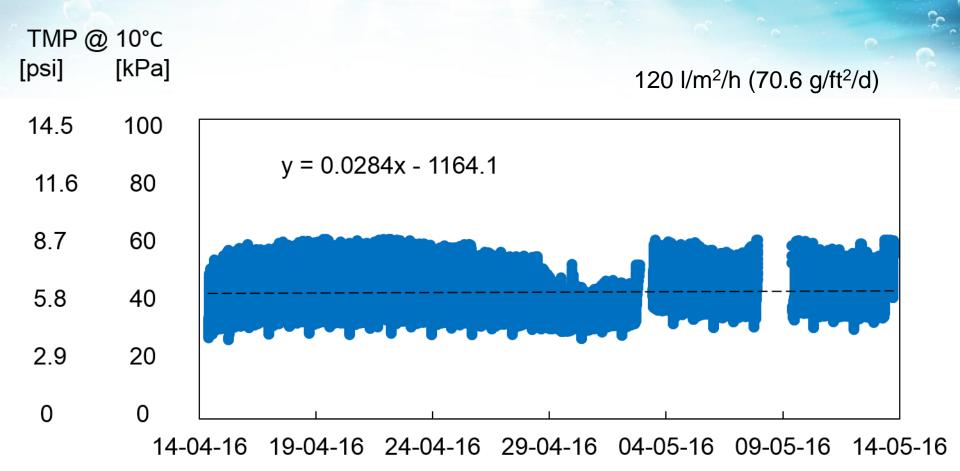
TMP comparison TMP @ 10°C [psi] [kPa] 120 l/m²/h (70.6 g/ft²/d) 100 14.5 11.6 80 8.7 60 40 5.8 20 2.9 0 0 120 720 0 240 360 480 600 Filtered volume [l/m²]

• TC • ILCA

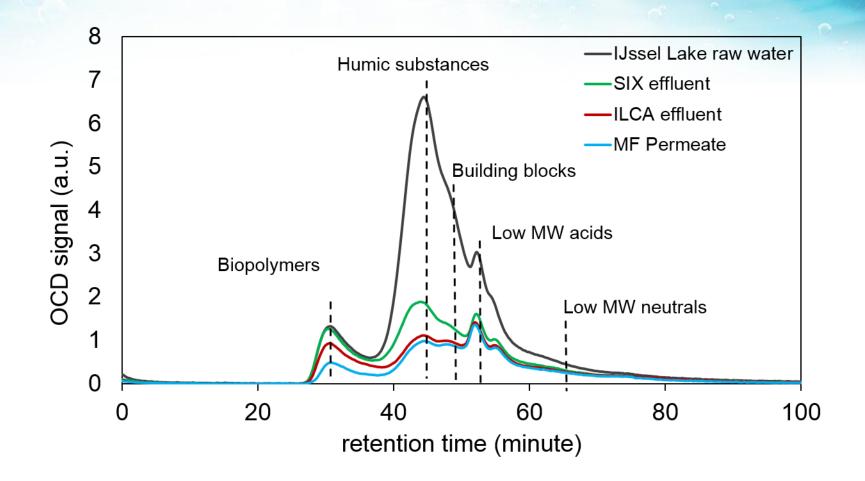
TMP after CEBW



Month TMP development



DOC fractions



Conclusions

- Pre-coating is a good strategy for fouling control by biopolymers during MF
- ILCA[®] is a good alternative to the conventional TC systems
 - It provides comparable ceramic MF operations
 - Less footprint and shorter contact time
 - Constant G_T value independent of the flow
 - Easy to scale-up
 - No mechanical/moving parts (less maintenance)
 - Can be combined with adsorbent